

CALIFORNIA ACADEMY OF MEDICINE.

The California Academy of Medicine held a regular meeting on Monday evening, Aug. 28th, 1911, at which the following program was given:

1—Cases and Comments on Typhoid Lesions of Bone. Harry M. Sherman.

2—Report of a Case of Typhoid Pelvic Abscess. A. J. Lartigau.

3—Case Report. Harold Brunn.

The general discussion was opened by Dr. Ophuls, who was followed by Drs. Kugeler, Rixford, Montgomery, Lieut.-Col. Freck, Hunkin, Sherman and Lartigau.

At the close of the program refreshments were served.

PACIFIC COAST OTO-OPHTHOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

During the week of Professor Fouchs' course of lectures given at the Medical Department of Stanford University, the Pacific Coast Oto-Ophthalmological Society effected a permanent association for the advancement of their specialty. At the time a permanent organization was effected, forty members were enrolled. Primarily this Society will be made up of practicing specialists of Washington, Oregon and California. They will meet every year in one of the three States and at the same time as the State Medical Society. The first meeting will be held in the State of Washington (date and place to be arranged later).

To become a member of the Pacific Coast Oto-Ophthalmological Society, it will be necessary for the applicant to have the signature and seal of the Secretary of the County Medical Society in which such applicant resides. The dues, \$2.50 a year, payable January 1, 1912. By sending in your application before January 1st, 1912, you become a charter member. Officers for the ensuing year:

President—Dr. John F. Dickson, Oregonian Bldg., Portland, Oregon.

Vice-President—Dr. Wm. H. Roberts, Pasadena, California.

Executive Committee—Drs. Wm. A. Martin, San Francisco, Cal., one year; Henry La Motte, Seattle, Wash., two years; John F. Dickson, Portland, Ore., three years.

Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. Cullen F. Welty, 210 Post street, San Francisco, Cal.

Address all communications to the Secretary.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE AMERICAN PROCTOLOGIC SOCIETY.

Thirteenth Annual Meeting, held at Los Angeles, Cal., June 26 and 27, 1911.

The President, Dr. George J. Cook, of Indianapolis, Ind., in the chair.

Officers elected for the ensuing year: President, John L. Jelks, M. D., Memphis, Tenn.; Vice-President, Alfred J. Zobel, M. D., San Francisco, Cal.; Secretary-Treasurer, Lewis H. Adler, Jr., M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

Executive Council—George J. Cook, M. D., Indianapolis, Ind., Chairman; John L. Jelks, M. D., Memphis, Tenn.; Dwight H. Murray, M. D., Syracuse, N. Y.; Lewis H. Adler, Jr., M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

The place of meeting for 1912 will be at Atlantic City, N. J. Exact date and headquarters to be announced later.

The following were elected Associate Fellows of the Society: Dr. Arthur F. Holding, 98 Chestnut St., Albany, N. Y.; Dr. Ralph W. Jackson, Fall River, Mass.; Dr. E. H. Terrell, 304 East Grace St., Richmond, Va.

The following is an abstract of the principal papers read:

Extracts from the Report on Proctologic Literature from March, 1910, to March, 1911.

By SAMUEL T. EARLE, M. D., Baltimore, Md.

In Samuel T. Earle's review of Proctologic Literature from March, 1910, to March, 1911, he quotes from the following authors giving the salient points from each of their papers:

Harrison Cripps, British Medical Journal, Vol. I, 1910, p. 292, endorsing Mummery's criticism of Whitehead's operation for hemorrhoids.

Dr. F. C. Wallis, British Medical Journal, Vol. I, 1910, p. 415, in defense of Whitehead's operation.

Dr. Donald C. Balfour, Rochester, Minn., Annals of Surgery, Vol. II, 1910, p. 239, gives Dr. W. J. Mayo's method of Anastomosis between the sigmoid and rectum.

Dr. Charles H. Peck, New York City, Annals of Surgery, 1910, Vol. LI, p. 242, describes a method of excising the rectum for cancer by the perineal route.

Dr. Norman Porritt, London Lancet, 1910, Vol. I, p. 360, describes a simple and efficient operation for hemorrhoids.

Dr. J. P. Lockhart Mummery, London Lancet, 1910, Vol. I, p. 641, describes a new operation for prolapse of the rectum.

Mr. Heaton C. Howard, London Lancet, 1910, Vol. I, p. 240, showed a case of stricture of the rectum treated by injections of fibrolysin, which were given three times a week.

Dr. Walton Martin, Annals of Surgery, 1910, Vol. LI, p. 125, reported a case of anastomosis between the sigmoid and rectum by invagination.

Dr. Joseph A. Blake, Annals of Surgery, 1910, Vol. LI, p. 261, gives an unusual method of anastomosis in cases of carcinoma of the rectum.

Extracts from a statistical report of 120 cases of removal of the rectum for cancer by Dr. William J. Mayo, Annals of Surgery, 1910, Vol. LI, p. 895.

Dr. W. Sampson Handley in his second Hunterian Lecture gives some very interesting and instructive suggestions about the extension of cancer of the rectum by the lymphatic system, British Medical Journal, 1910, Vol. I, p. 927.

A series of instructive papers on excision of the rectum for carcinoma can be found in the British Medical Journal, 1910, Vol. I, by the following writers:

Charles A. Morton, page 1378; Harrison Cripps, page 1323; F. Swinford Edwards, page 967; W. Bruce Clarke, page 1023; P. Lockhart Mummery, page 1144; W. Ernest Miles, page 1203.

James Swain, British Medical Journal, 1910, Vol. I, p. 361, advocates very strongly the removal of all lymph glands in cancer of the rectum.

Dr. E. K. Scott, Boise, Idaho, Northwest Medi-